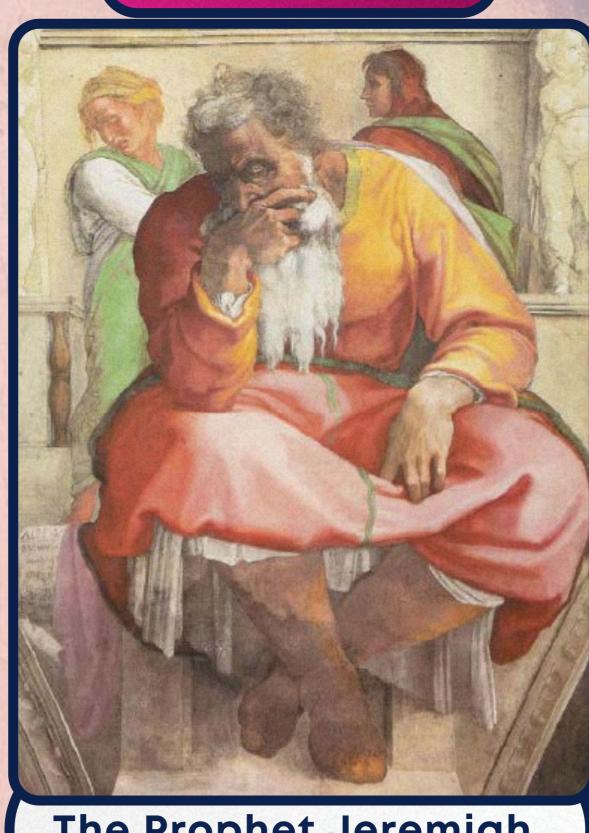


Michelangelo

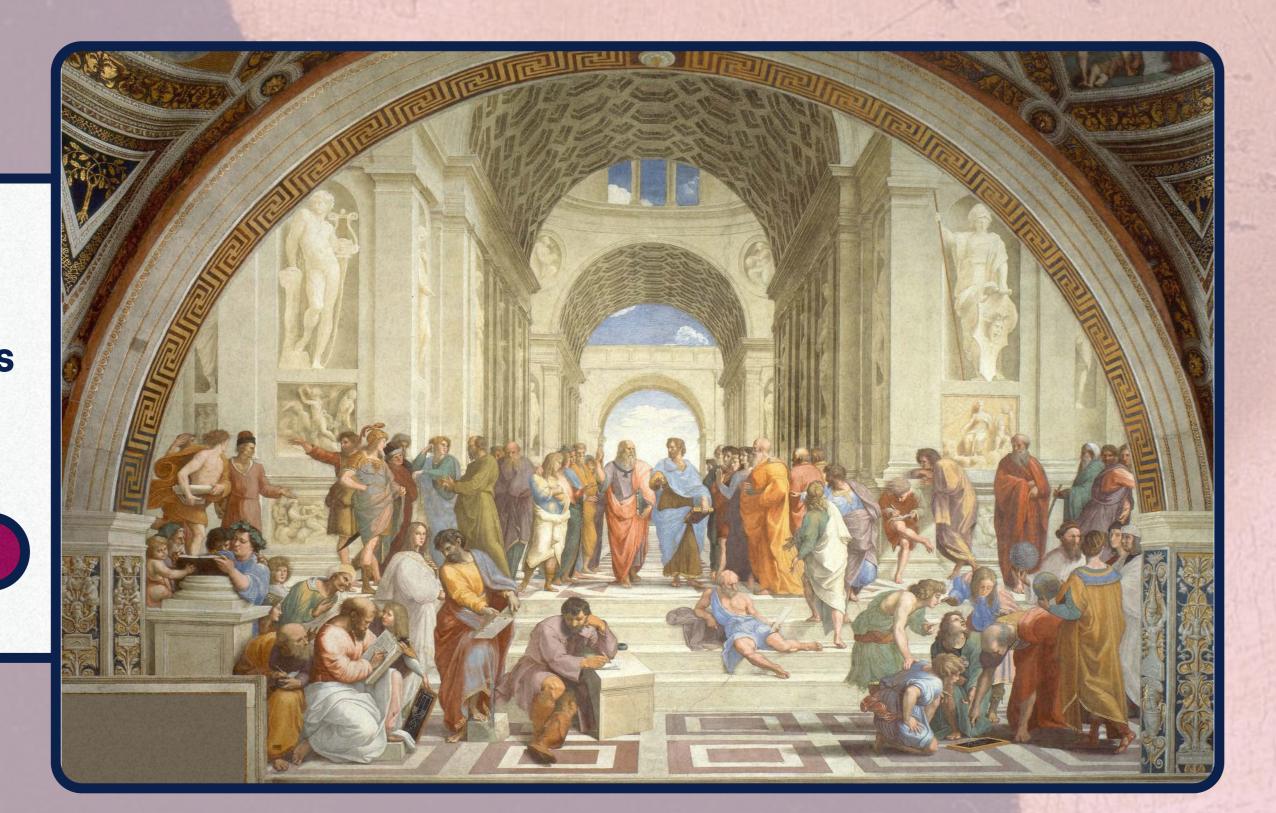


Vitruvian Man (1492)

The Prophet Jeremiah, Sistine Chapel (1511)

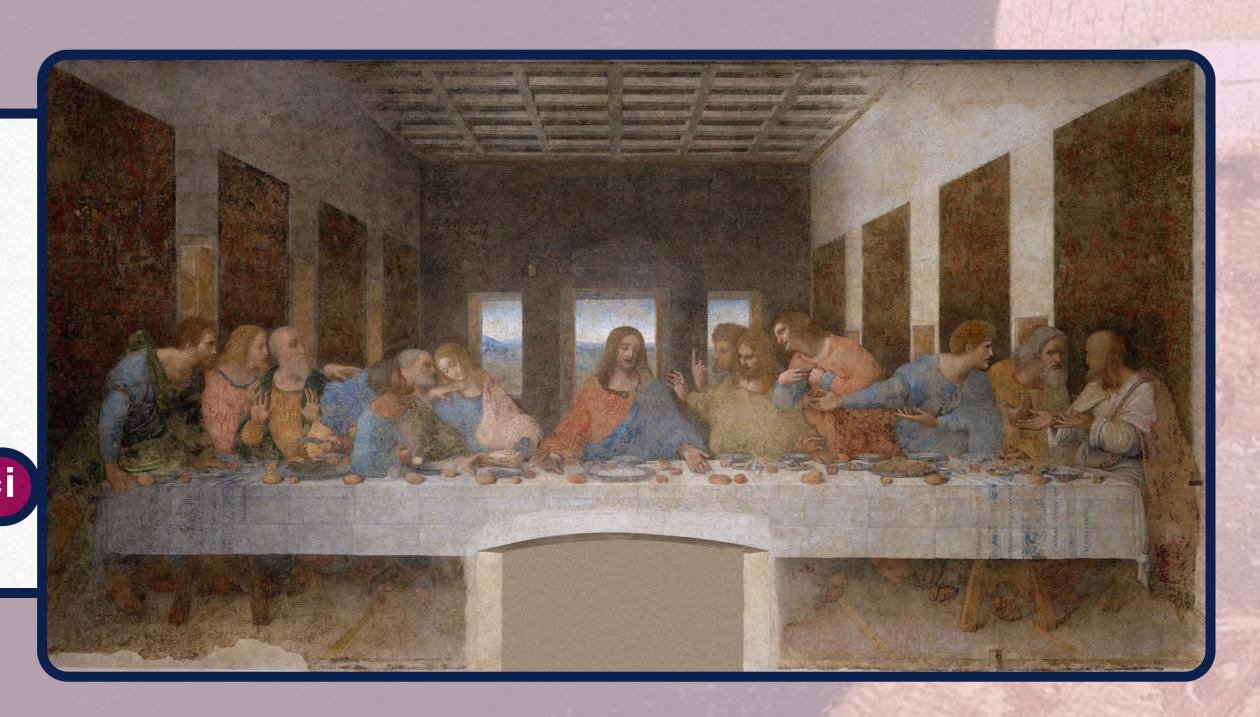
School of Athens (1509-1511)

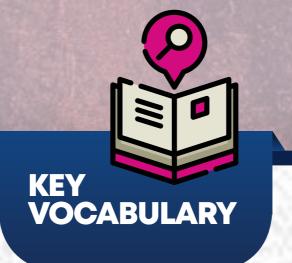
Raphael



The Last Supper (1495-98)

Leonardo da Vinci





medieval

renaissance

classical

humanism

proportion

anatomy

optics

sfumato

linear perspective

vantage point

horizon line

vanishing point

the period in European history from about 600 AD to 1500 CE (also known as the Middle Ages or Dark Ages)

a French word that means 're-birth': used to describe a new style of art and culture that started in Italy around 1400

something that is from ancient Greek or Roman culture

the **movement during the Renaissance** to recover the values of Classical times which emphasised the extraordinary ability of the human mind

the relationship of the size of one part of the body to another part, e.g., how tall a person is compared to the width of their arms

the structure of a human body and how it is arranged

the study of sight and the behaviour of light

allowing colours to blend into one another, to produce soft outlines

the way lines and shapes are used to show three-dimensional space in a two-dimensional work of art

a place to view something from

the line where the sky meets the land or water

the point in a view where lines appear to meet